Safety Data Sheet AEROLEASE



| 1. Identification | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Product identifier | AEROLEASE | | |
| Product code | FLAEROLEASE20LT; FLAEROLEASE205LT | | |
| Other means of identification | N.Av. | | |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | Mold release. Not recommended for any other use not detailed on product data sheet or label. | | |
| Manufacturer | AEROCHEM Inc. 5977 Trans Canada Highway Pointe-Claire, QC H9R 1C1 Canada General Information: 1-888-592-5837 www.aerochem.ca info@aerochem.ca | | |
| Emergency phone number | INFOTRAC®: 1-800-535-5053 International call collect: 1-352-323-3500 24 hours/day, 7 days/week | | |

2. Hazard identification

Summary

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If medical advice is needed, have this SDS or label at hand. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.

WHMIS 2015/GHS/OSHA HCS 2012



Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 2)

WARNING

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

| 3. Composition/information on ingredients | | |
|--|-------------|------------------|
| Common name | CAS | Weight % content |
| Siloxanes and silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propylmethyl, di-methyl, methoxyterminated | 102782-92-3 | 5 - 10 % |

| Polyethylene glycol octylphenol ether | 9002-93-1 | 1 - 5 % | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------|--|
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------|--|

Note: The manufacturer withholds the actual concentration range of the ingredients as a trade secret.

| 4. First-aid measures | | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Inhalation | Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. | |
| Skin contact | Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. | |
| Eye contact | IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. | |
| Ingestion | DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and then drink plenty of water. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately. | |
| Other | No additional information. | |
| Symptoms | May cause redness and irritation to eyes. May cause redness and slight irritation of the skin. | |
| Notes to the physician | If gastric lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. | |

| 5. Fire-fighting measures | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Dry chemicals, water spray, chemical foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. | | |
| Special protective equipment | Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals. | | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. | | |

| 6. Accidental release measures | | |
|---|--|--|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. | |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent entry into sewers, closed areas and release to the environment. For a large spill, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities. | |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Warning! Floor may be slippery. Ventilate the area well. Stop leak, if it's possible to do so without risk. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. For large spills, dike for later disposal. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. | |

| 7. Handling and storage | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Precautions for safe handling | Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. After use, wash hands with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. | | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store tightly closed and in properly labelled containers in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep away from direct sunlight and heat. Keep away from freezing. | | |
| Storage temperature | 4 to 27°C (39.2 to 80.6°F) | | |
| | | | |

| Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health | No IDLH value is reported. | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | There is no control parameter set for the ingredients of this product. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. | | |
| Individual protection r | measures | | |
| Eye | Wear safety glasses with side shields. If there is a risk of contact with eyes, wear chemical splash goggles. | | |
| Hands | Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves. Disposable nitrile gloves can also be used, but discard after single use. Before using, user should confirm impermeability. Discard gloves with tears, pinholes, or signs of wear. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. | | |
| Skin | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. Wear synthetic or a neoprene apron, if necessary, to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with skin. | | |
| Respiratory | Respiratory protection is not required for normal use. Where the conditions in the workplace require a respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA. | | |
| Feet | Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill. | | |
| | Goggles Nitrile gloves | | |

| 9. Physical and chemical properties | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| Physical state | Liquid | Flammability | Non-flammable | |
| Colour | White with blue tint | Flammability limits | N/Av. | |
| Odour | Odourless | Flash point | N/Av. | |
| Odour threshold | N/Av. | Auto-ignition temperature | N/Av. | |
| рН | N/Av. | | N.Av. | |

| | | Sensibility to electrostatic charges | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Melting point | 0°C (32°F) | Sensibility to sparks and/or friction | N.Det. |
| Freezing point | 0°C (32°F) | Vapour density | N/Av. (Air = 1) |
| Boiling point | 100°C (212°F) | Relative density | 0.99 to 1 kg/L (Water = 1) |
| Solubility | Soluble in water. | Partition coefficient n-octanol/water | N/Av. |
| Evaporation rate | N/Av. | Decomposition temperature | N/Av. |
| Vapour pressure | N/Av. | Viscosity | <3000 cSt |
| Percent Volatile | N/Av. | Molecular mass | N/Ap. |
| N/Av | .: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable | Und.: Undetermined | N/E: Not Established |

| Reactivity | No reaction expected. |
|--|---|
| Chemical stability | Stable under recommended storage conditions. May be unstable over 27 °C. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations) | A dangerous reaction will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents (e.g. chlorine, fluorine, nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, nitrates, chlorates, chromates, permanganates and perchlorates). |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

| 11. Toxicolo | ogical informat | ion | |
|---|--|--|---|
| Numerical measures of toxicity | Siloxanes and silicon di-methyl, methoxyte Polyethylene glycol o | | Ingestion >2000 mg/kg Rat LD50 Ingestion 1800 mg/kg Rat LD50 Skin >2000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 |
| Likely routes of exposure | Skin, eyes, inhalation | ı, ingestion. | |
| Delayed, immediate and chronic effects Eye contact Skin contact Inhalation May cause redness and irritation to eyes. May cause redness and slight irritation of the skin. In the workplace, the product is rapidly absorbed by respiratory tract. excessive exposure may cause headache, drowsiness, nausea, dizz tract irritation. | | bed by respiratory tract. Prolonged or | |
| | Ingestion Respiratory or skin sensitization IARC/NTP Classification | May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausingredients present at levels greater than or or respiratory sensitizers. No ingredients listed. | - |
| | Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity | Ingredients present at levels greater than or elisted as a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NIO | |

| İ | |
|---------------------|---|
| | Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effects. Reproductive Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause reproduction effects. |
| | Specific target No target organ is listed. organ toxicity - single exposure |
| | Specific target No target organ is listed. organ toxicity - repeated exposure |
| Interactive effects | No information available. |
| Other information | The oral and skin acute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 2000 mg/kg. The acute toxicity estimates (ATE) by inhalation of the mixture were calculated to be greater than mg/L/4h for vapours and to be greater than 5 mg/L/4h for the aerosols and mists. These values are not classified according to WHMIS 2015 and OSHA HCS 2012. |

| 12. Ecologic | eal information | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ecological toxicity | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Bluegill Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia Magna, Water flea, fresh water LC50 2.8-3.2 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 9002-93-1) EC50 11.2 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 9002-93-1) | | | | | |
| Persistence | Contains an or many ingredients that may be persistent in the environment. | | | | | |
| Degradability | The product is a mixture of which some ingredients are readily biodegradable (> 60% in 28 days) while other ingredients are not readily biodegradable (<60% in 28 days). | | | | | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | The product is a mixture of which all ingredients have a low bioaccumulation potential (Log Kow of <3 and / or BCF <500). | | | | | |
| Mobility in soil | Soluble in water. The product is a mixture whose ingredients have a high mobility in the soil. | | | | | |
| Other adverse effects | This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer. | | | | | |

13. Disposal considerations



Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. Residues must be considered as hazardous waste. Empty containers can be treated (recycled) where there is a recovery program. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

| 14. Transport information | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| UN Number | UN N/A | | | |
| UN Proper Shipping Name | Not regulated by TDG (Canada) and 49 CFR DOT (USA). | | | |
| Environmental hazards | This material does not contain marine pollutant. | | | |
| Special precautions for user | No additional information. | | | |
| TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada) | | | | |

| Transport hazard class(es) | Not regulated | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Packing group | Not regulated | | | | | |
| Emergency response guidebook 2016 | | | | | | |
| IMO/IMDG - Internation | IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Transport | | | | | |
| Classification Not regulated | | | | | | |
| IATA - International Air Transport Association | | | | | | |
| Classification | Not regulated | | | | | |
| These transportation classifications | These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper | | | | | |

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

| Common name | CAS | CEPA | DSL | NDSL | NPRI |
|---|-------------|------|-----|------|------|
| Siloxanes and silicones, | 100700 00 0 | | | < | |
| 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propylmethyl, di-methyl, methoxyterminated | 102782-92-3 | | | ^ | |
| Polyethylene glycol octylphenol ether | 9002-93-1 | / | X | | X |

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act

transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

| Common name | CAS | TSCA | CER CLA | EPCRA 313 | EPCRA 302/304 | CAA 112(b) HON | CAA 112(b) HAP | CAA 112(r) | | CWA Prio. |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------|------------|---|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|--------------|
| Siloxanes and silicones, | | | | A. C. | | | | | | |
| 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propylmethyl, | 102782-92-3 | X | | | | | | | | |
| di-methyl, methoxyterminated | | | | | | | | | | |
| Polyethylene glycol octylphenol ether | 9002-93-1 | Х | | | | | | | / | |

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances
- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals
- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances
- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant
- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants
- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention
- CWA 311: Clean Water Act List of Hazardous Substances
- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

No ingredients listed.

| Other regulations | |
|-------------------|--|
| | |





| 16. Other in | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | AEROCHEM Inc. 2020-03-03 |
| Version | 03 |
| Other information | REFERENCES: - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, https://haz-map.com/ - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca - TOXNET Databases, Toxicology Data Network, NIH U.S. National Library of Medicine, http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/ - The National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Institutes of Health (NIH), U.S. National Library of Medicine, https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ DATE OF FIRST VERSION OF SDS: 2017-09-20. CHANGES MADE IN THE VERSION 02: section 3. DATE OF SECOND VERSION OF SDS: 2019-07-31. CHANGES MADE IN THE VERSION 03: section 1. ACGIH: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Toxicology Program RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec) GHS: Globally Harmonized System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System |
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| A global vision of prevention | |